

On July 13, they started for Washington as Captain and First Lieutenant of Company F, Fifth Regiment of Wisconsin Volunteers, and won a most enviable reputation. Messrs. Bean and Totten fought through all the campaigns of the regiment up to the Fall of 1863. They were at Williamsburgh and participated in all the other battles of the Peninsula campaign under Gen. McClellan; were at Antietam, and at Fredericksburgh, and fought under Hooker, during the Chancellorsville campaign; being of the troops that stormed and took St. Marye's Hill, May 3, 1863. Their record is that of the glorious regiment to which they belonged. They were together in eleven engagements. In the Fall of 1863, circumstances beyond their own control occasioned the dissolution of the firm. Captain Bean was at that time appointed Provost Marshal of the First Enrollment District of Wisconsin, with head-quarters at Milwaukee, and left the regiment. He continued in this office until the close of the war, having charge of the enrollment and the conduct of all the drafts in the district, as well as all other business pertaining to that office. In the discharge of the delicate and arduous duties which devolved upon him Capt. Bean was faithful and efficient. The conduct of the office involved the disbursement of thousands of dollars, and he received many testimonials from the officials of the War Department which indicated their high appreciation of his services.

Mr. Totten was promoted to the Captaincy of their old Company (F) to fill the vacancy, and subsequently, in November, 1863, was appointed Major, in the place of Major Wheeler, who was killed in the battle of Rappahannock Station. He fought in the battles of the Wilderness in the Summer of 1864, where he was wounded. At the close of his military service he resumed the practice of law, and is now one of the foremost members of his profession in Washington, where he resides.

On relinquishing the office of Provost Marshal, which occurred in October, 1865, Captain Bean became the manager of the Northwestern Iron Company, in which he had become largely interested by inheritance and purchase. He continued in this business till July, 1875. At that time, without solicitation on his part, on the joint recommendation of the two United States Senators from Wisconsin, Messrs. Howe and Cameron, he was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Milwaukee District, which office he still holds.

At the breaking out of the late war there were four in the family of Captain Bean liable to military duty—two brothers, Col. Sidney A. Bean, Walker L. Bean, his brother-in-law, Mandville Townsend, and himself. All enlisted and he alone returned alive. Capt. Bean was married to Miss Alice H. Blossom in November, 1868.

CAPTAIN EDWARD FERGUSON was born in Hannibal, Oswego County, New York. He came to Milwaukee in 1860, and entered the office of Cutler & Son, (the senior partner of which was General Lysander Cutler) where he acquired the rudiments of his business education. When the war broke out he was one of the earliest to enlist as a private, for three months service, in the First Regiment. He was a member of the Milwaukee Light Guards. He served through the term, and returning to Milwaukee re-entered the office of his former employers for a few days only. On the reorganization of the regiment for three years service he re-enlisted, and went out as Orderly Sergeant of his old Company A., then under the command of Captain John C. Goodrich. He participated in all the arduous services of the regiment up to the battle of Perryville, which occurred October 8, 1862. In this battle the First Wisconsin held the extreme left, and by its unflinching bravery, saved the left division from rout. Its loss was terribly severe—73 killed and 144 wounded. Among the wounded was Sergeant Ferguson who fell riddled with bullets. He was, as soon as he could be safely moved, brought to Milwaukee, where he languished with his life trembling in the balance for nearly two years. The Christian patience and cheerfulness displayed during the untold suffering of those weary months eclipse the most glorious deeds of valor possible in the field. Nature rallied at last and he again came forth to take up the duties of life as well as he could with a shattered constitution, and a maimed body. He had been obliged to submit to the amputation of one foot, and his left arm hung useless and partially paralyzed at his side. He was commissioned as Lieutenant of Company C. in his regiment, shortly after the battle of Perryville, but the severity of his wounds precluded any further service in the field. He again entered the office of his old employers, Cutler & Son. On the death of General Cutler, he succeeded him in the office of State Fish Inspector, which position he held till December, 1867. At that time he was appointed Secretary of the Soldiers' Home, with rank of Captain and A. Q. M., which position he held for two years. In January, 1869, he was appointed United States Pension Agent, which office he has held uninterruptedly for the past eleven years. He is still a resident of Milwaukee, his office being established at that point. He has, since the close of the war, taken an active interest in all projects having as their aim the welfare of surviving soldiers, or the perpetuation of the memories of the dead. He has been identified with the Grand Army of the Republic from its first organization to the present time.

W. VON BACHELLI was of German descent. He came to America from France, where he had served with distinction in the French Army in Algiers. He was for several years prior to the war engaged in a commission business in Milwaukee. He was a born soldier, and at the first call of his adopted country enlisted. He went out as Second Lieutenant of Company F., Sixth Wisconsin. From the first he won a distinction that placed him in the foremost rank for daring bravery, in the "Iron Brigade," where every man was a hero. At Gainesville and the whole series of terrible battles that succeeded, to Antietam, he reveled in war